

A Unified Library of Nonlinear Solution Schemes

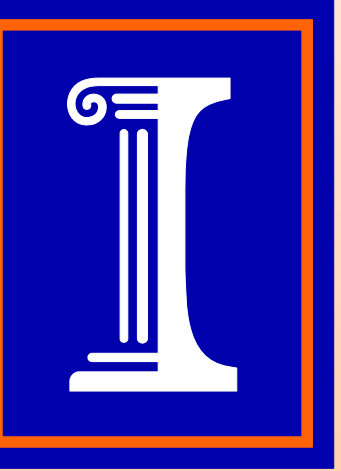
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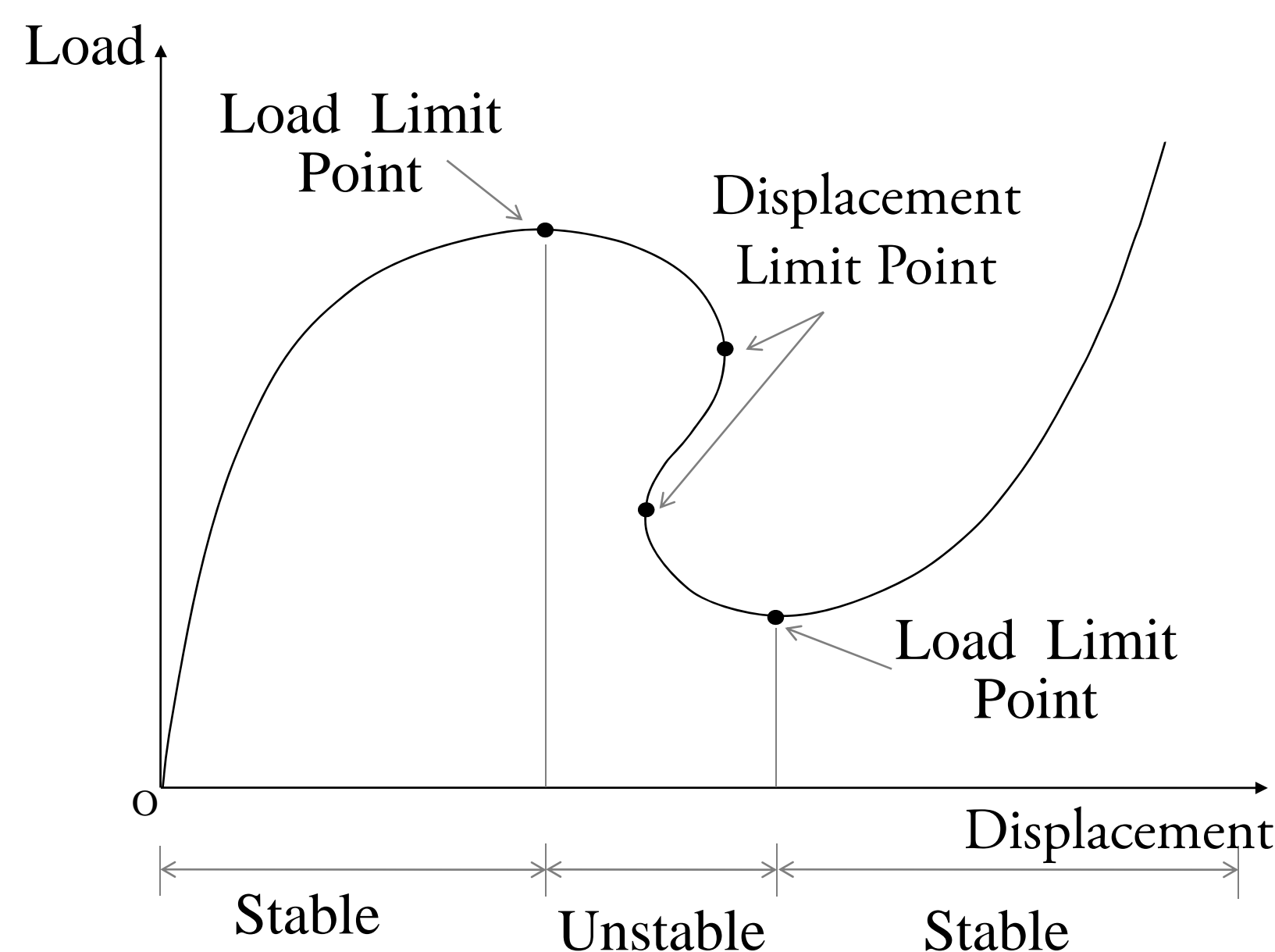
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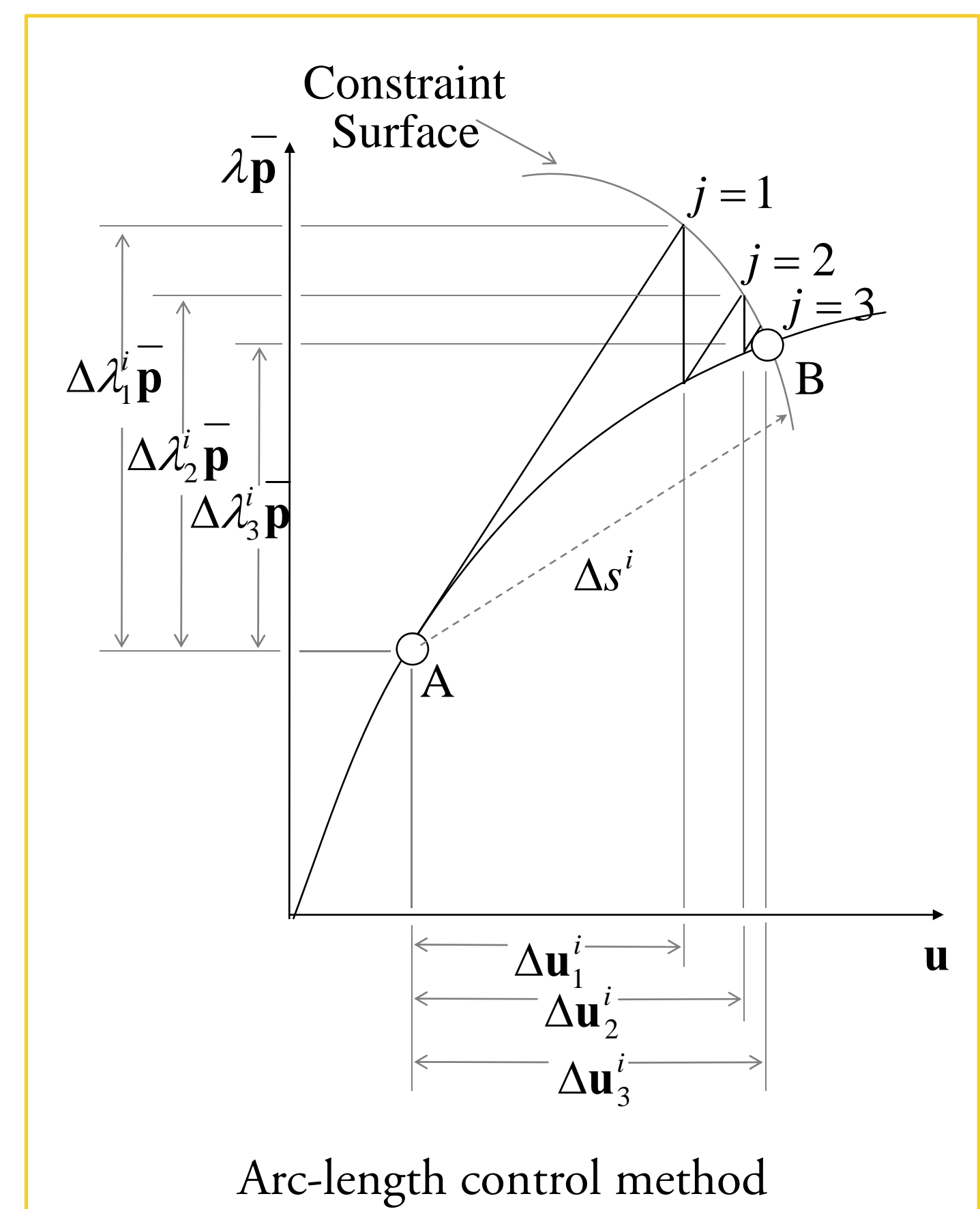
Motivation

- Nonlinear problems are prevalent in structural and continuum mechanics
- No single algorithm is appropriate for solving any and all nonlinear problems
- A library of nonlinear solution schemes, defined by unique constraint equations, is unified into a single space



Solution Schemes

- $\delta\lambda$ is computed uniquely for each nonlinear solution scheme:
 - Load control method (LCM)
 - Displacement control method (DCM)
 - Arc-length control method (ALCM)
 - Work control method (WCM)
 - Generalized displacement control method (GDCM)
 - Orthogonal residual procedure (ORP)



N+1 Dimensional Space Formulation: NLS++

$$\mathbf{u}_j = \mathbf{u}^{prev} + \Delta \mathbf{u}_{j-1} + \delta \mathbf{u}_j$$

$$\mathbf{p}_j = \mathbf{p}^{prev} + \Delta \mathbf{p}_{j-1} + \delta \mathbf{p}_j$$

$$\mathbf{p}_j = \mathbf{p} + \Delta \mathbf{p}_{j-1} + \delta \lambda_j \bar{\mathbf{p}}$$

$$\mathbf{a}_j \cdot \delta \mathbf{u}_j + b_j \delta \lambda_j = c_j$$

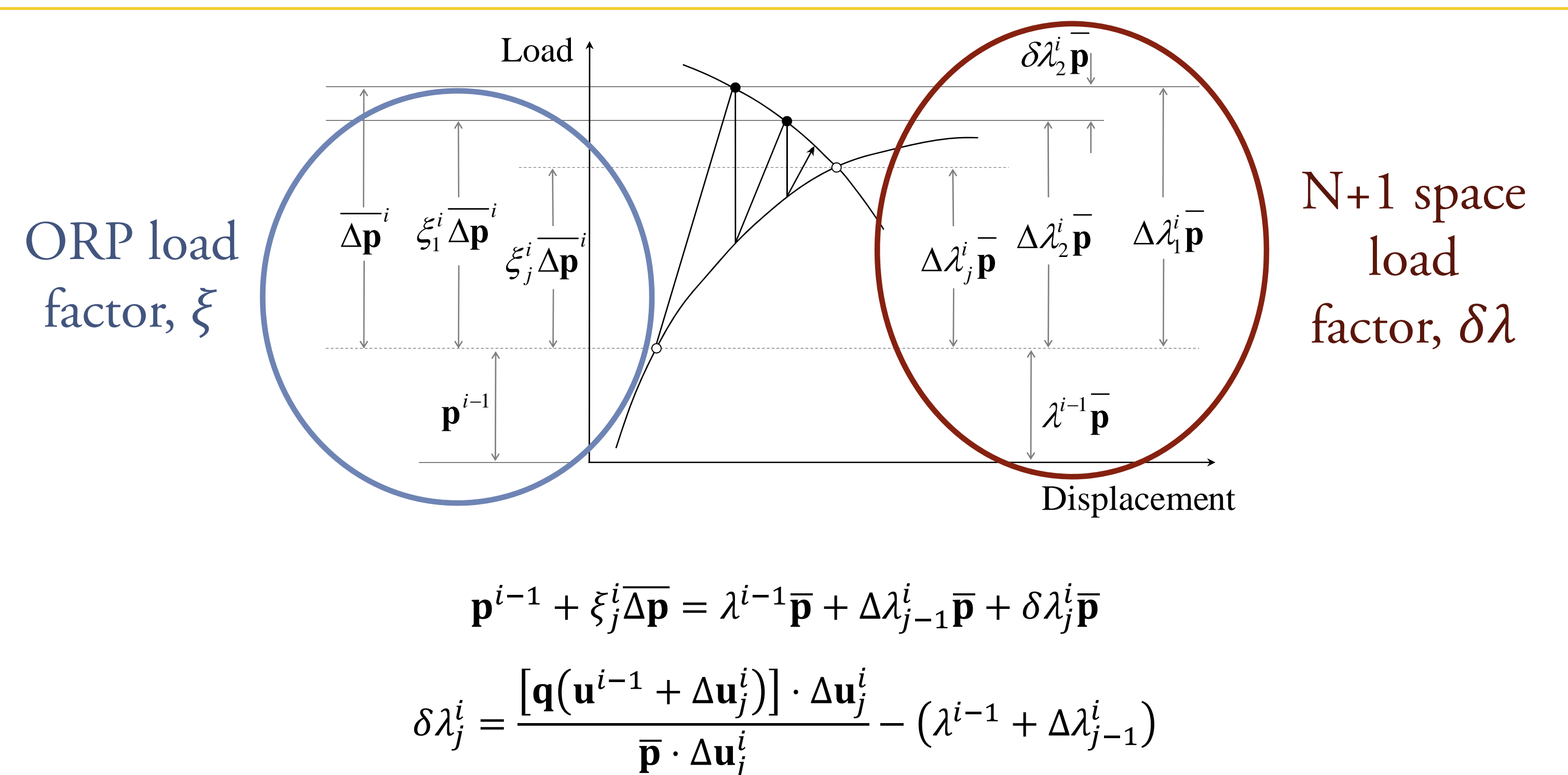
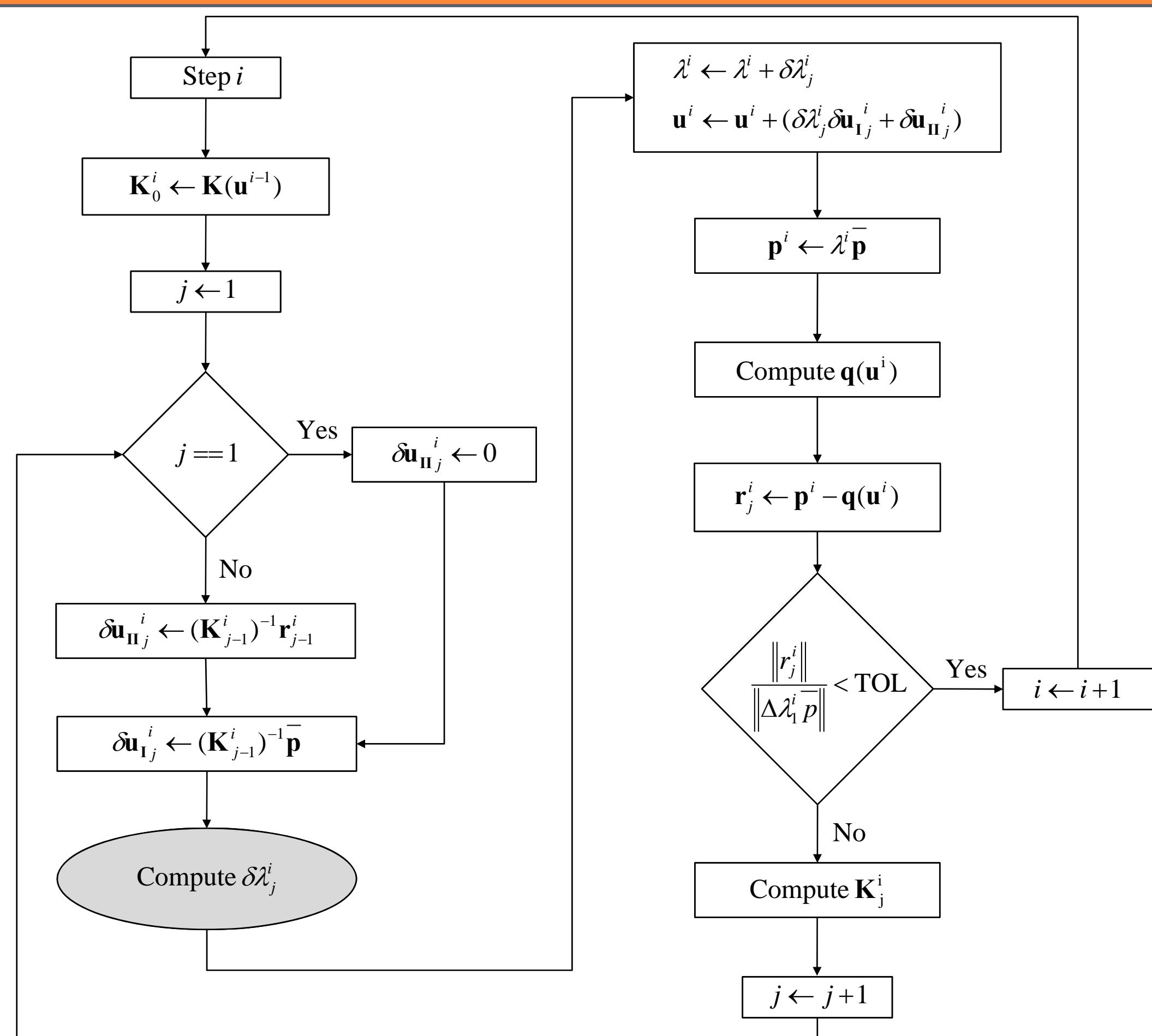
$$\begin{bmatrix} \mathbf{K}_{j-1} & -\bar{\mathbf{p}} \\ (\mathbf{a}_j)^T & b_j \end{bmatrix} \begin{Bmatrix} \delta \mathbf{u}_j \\ \delta \lambda_j \end{Bmatrix} = \begin{Bmatrix} \mathbf{r}_{j-1} \\ c_j \end{Bmatrix}$$

$$\delta \mathbf{u} = \delta \mathbf{u}_I + \delta \lambda \delta \mathbf{u}_{II}$$

$$\mathbf{K}_{j-1} \delta \mathbf{u}_{jI} = \bar{\mathbf{p}}$$

$$\mathbf{K}_{j-1} \delta \mathbf{u}_{jII} = \mathbf{r}_{j-1}$$

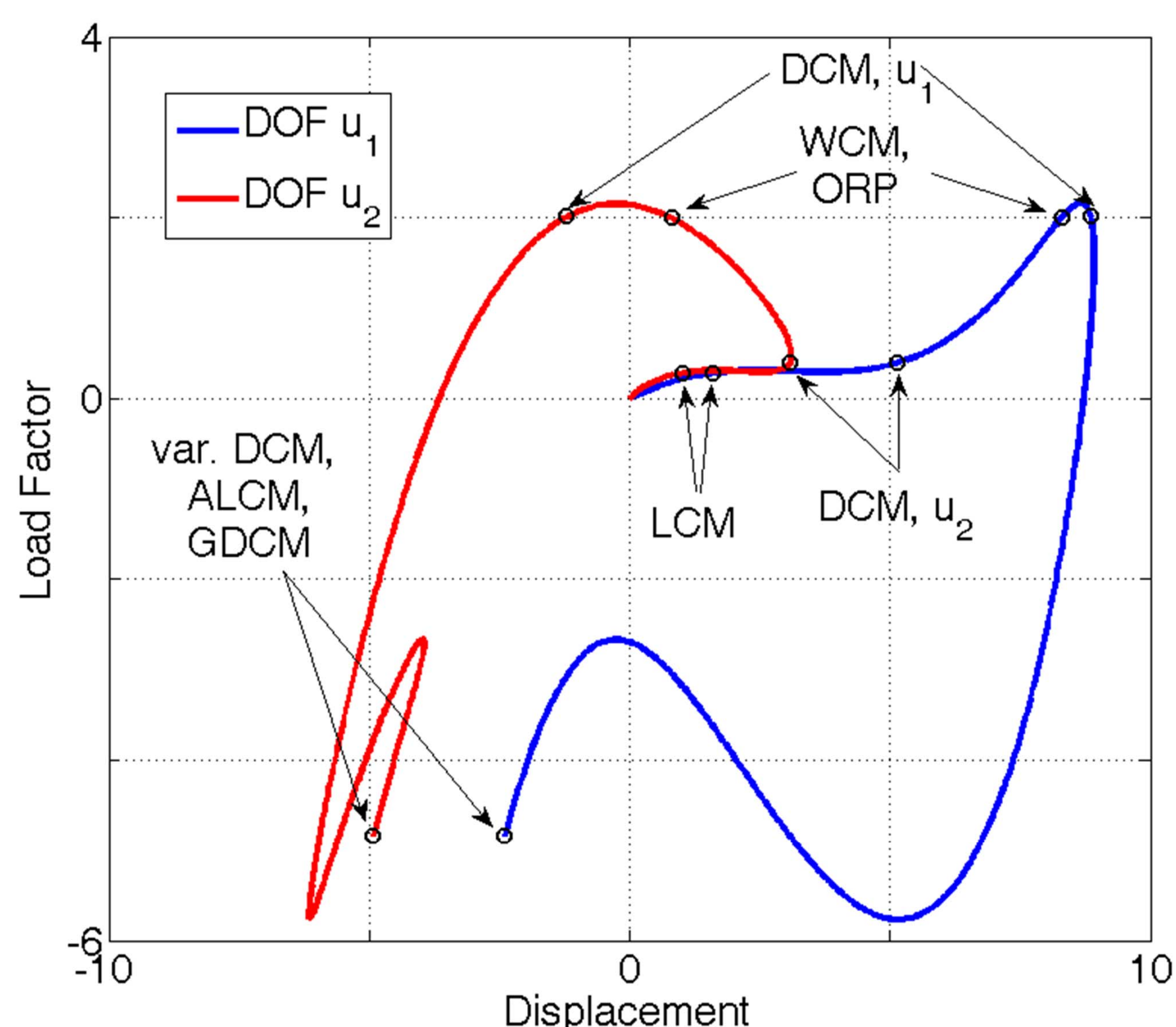
$$\delta \lambda_j = \frac{c_j - \mathbf{a}_j \cdot \delta \mathbf{u}_{jII}}{\mathbf{a}_j \cdot \delta \mathbf{u}_{jII} + b_j}$$



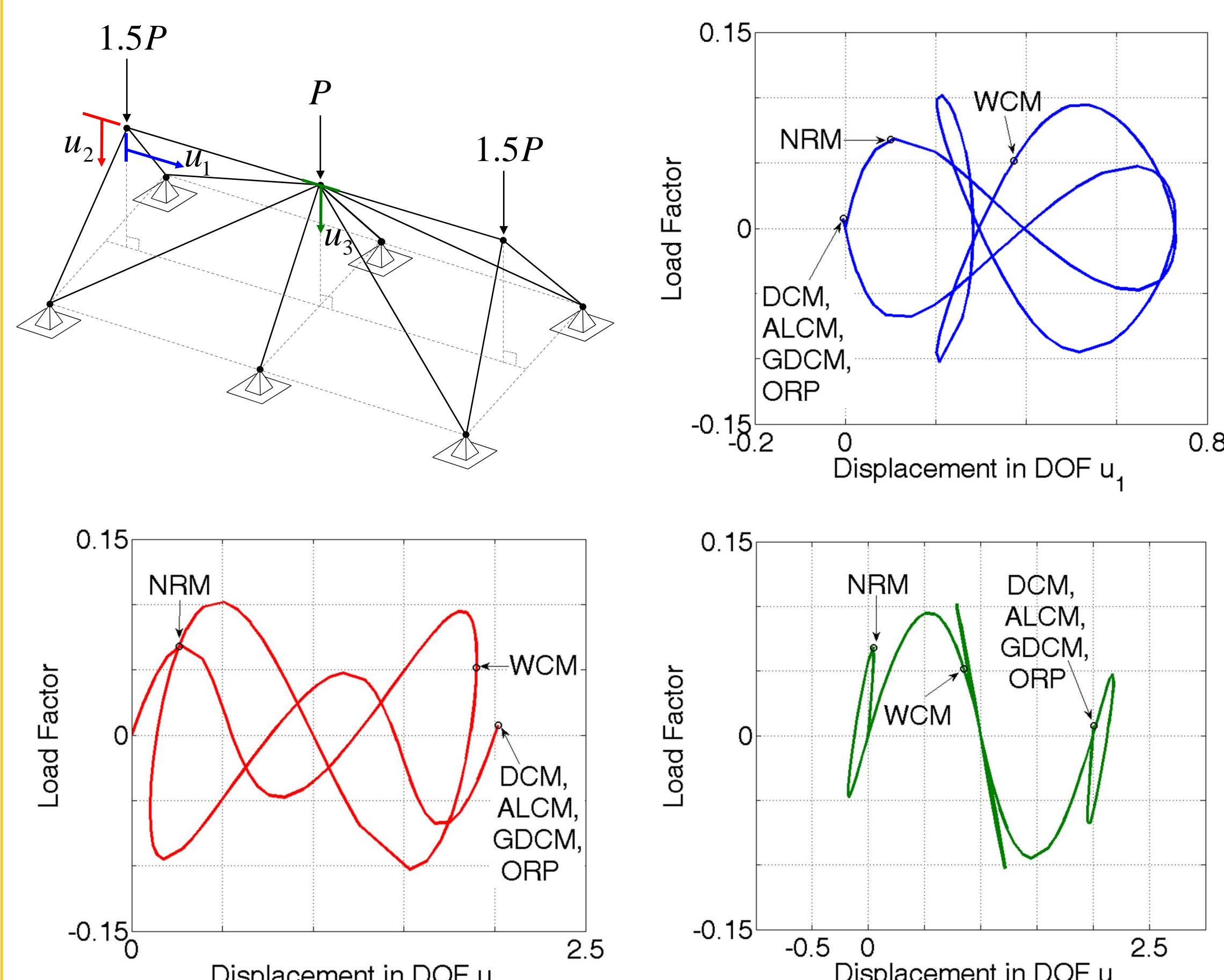
Numerical Results

Two Dimensional Function

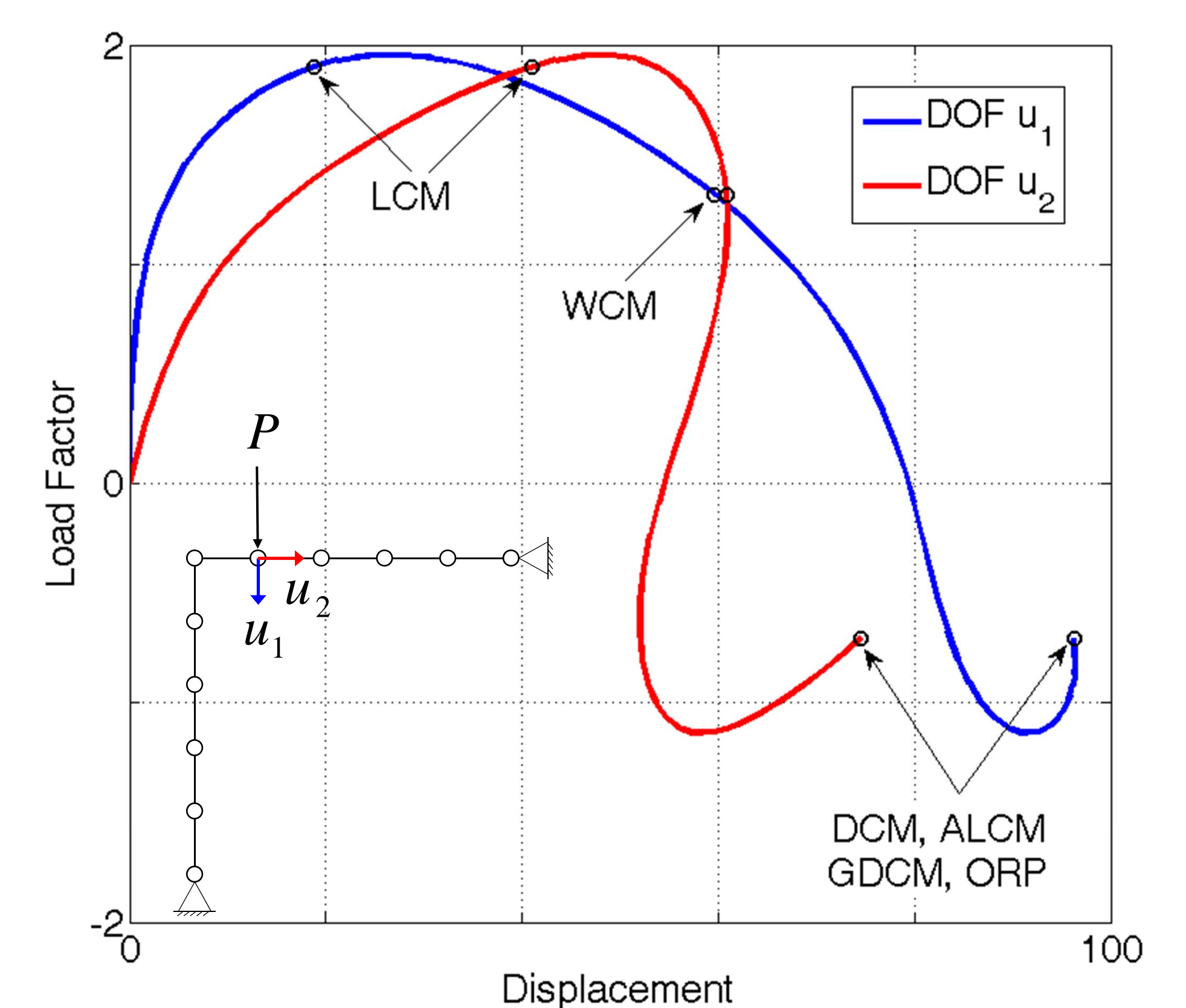
$$q(\mathbf{u}) = \begin{pmatrix} 10u_1 + 0.4u_2^3 - 5u_1^2 \\ 0.4u_1^3 - 3u_1^2 + 10u_2 \end{pmatrix}$$



12 Bar Truss



Lee Frame



Conclusions and Extensions

- NLS++ is an effective computational framework for solving problems with varying degrees of nonlinearity
- Robustness of algorithms is evaluated by means of the unified schemes
- Potential to incorporate NLS++ into an object-oriented finite element engine

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